

Human Rights in Myanmar

Volume-1, No-45

4 October 2023

Discussion with the Canadian Department of Foreign Affairs on the Myanmar issue

October 27



In order to bring for justice to the Myanmar people and to prosecute the terrorist military group that violated human rights and committed international crimes, the delegations of the National Unity Government held a meeting with the Assistant Deputy Minister (Indo Pacific) of Canada's Department of Foreign Affairs, Mr. Weldon Epp, and high-ranking officials at Global Robertson hall on October 27th.



The meeting was attended by the Union Minister for the Ministry of Human Rights, U Aung Myo Min, Deputy Minister U Aung Kyaw Moe, and U Kyaw Zaw, the advisor and spokesperson for the NUG Presidential Office. During the meeting, they discussed the Canadian government to support the NUG's efforts to prosecute the terrorist military group in the international community, as well as making an all-out effort to bring justice to Myanmar's people whose human rights have been violated.



Dear people,

Whether or not he was violated in his own human rights. Whether or if there are human rights violations around you, effective action is required. To seek justice, you can file a complaint with the Ministry of Human Rights of the National Unity Government - NUG - MOHR. When making a complaint, it is

important to have accurate and valid information, so when sending a complaint –

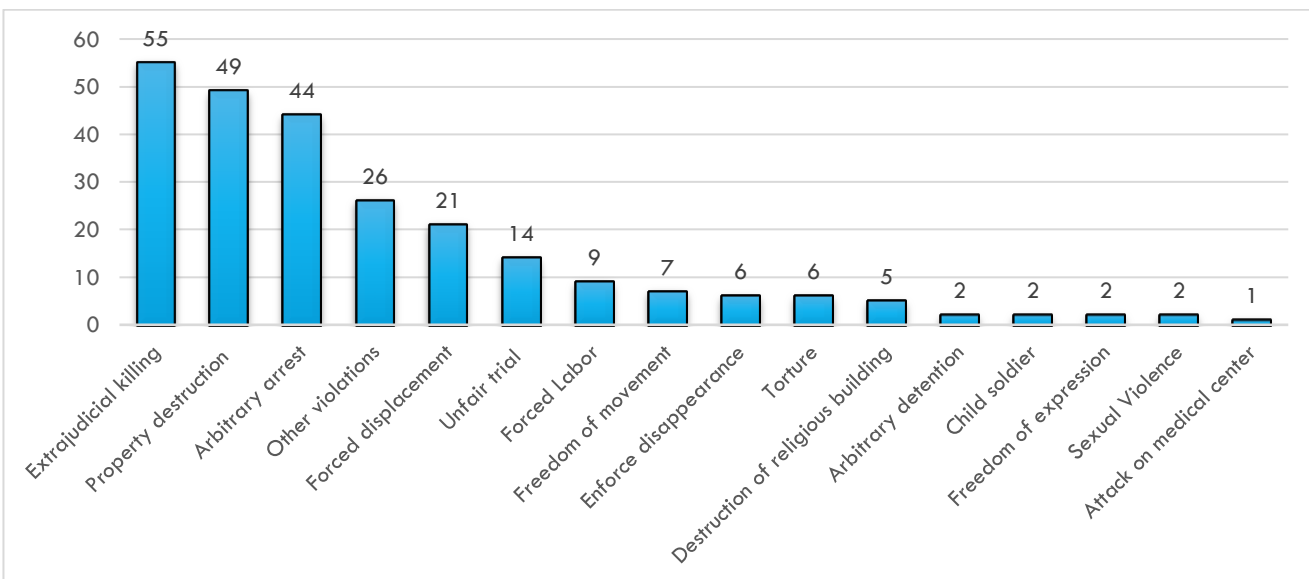
- Who/which organization commits it?
- Who/what are the perpetrators?
- Where did it happen?
- When did it occur?
- What crime did you commit?
- What kind of offense did you commit?

It is necessary to have as much information as possible.

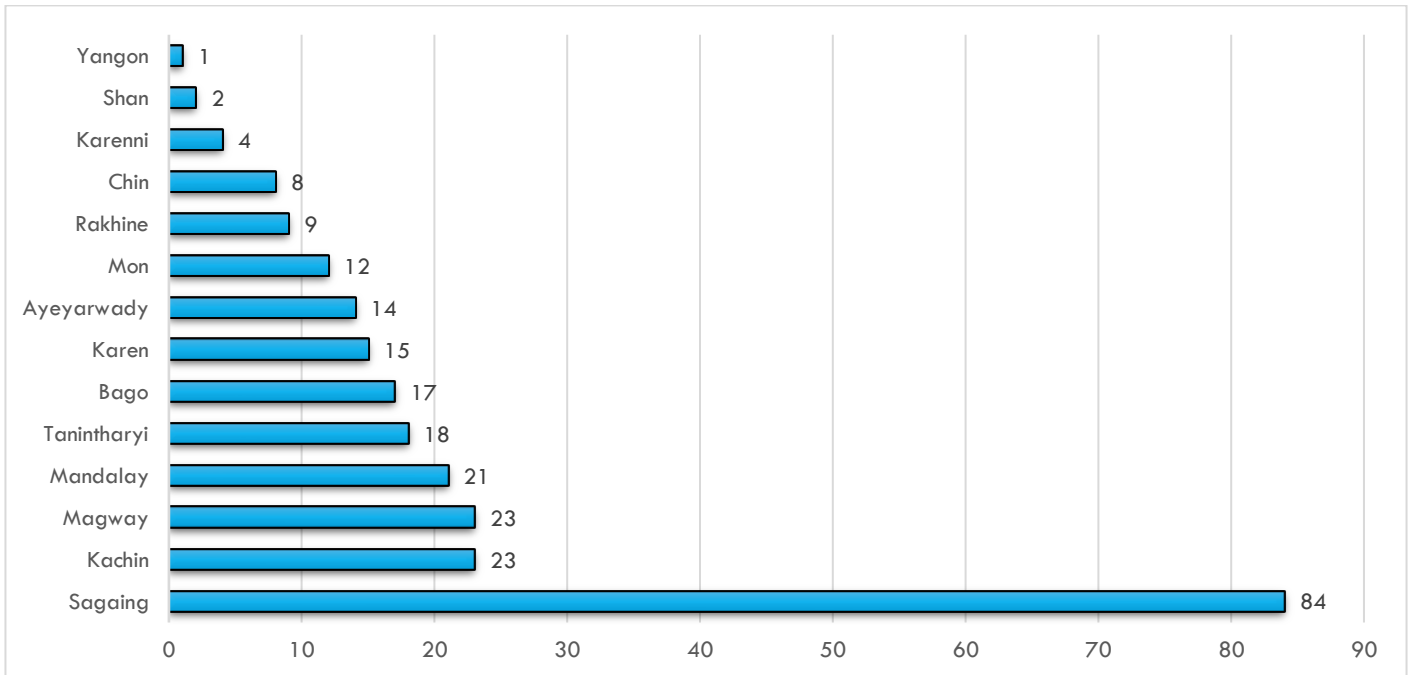
MOHR will organize the complaint records in an orderly manner and will do its best to achieve justice. The complaint was sent via the Ministry of Human Rights - MOHR's Facebook page. Or you may send a complaint to the email address

report@mohr.nugmyanmar.org.

A documentation of human rights violations between 16th October and 31th October



Human rights violations committed by the terrorist military council in states and regions from 16th October to 31th October



“I respectfully acknowledge and take pride in the achievement of the ground operations of the NUG+ EROs revolutionary allies”.

Khun Bahan Htan
Deputy Minister, Ministry of Human Rights
National Unity Government- NUG



Clarification of the NUG's Rohingya policy

October 30



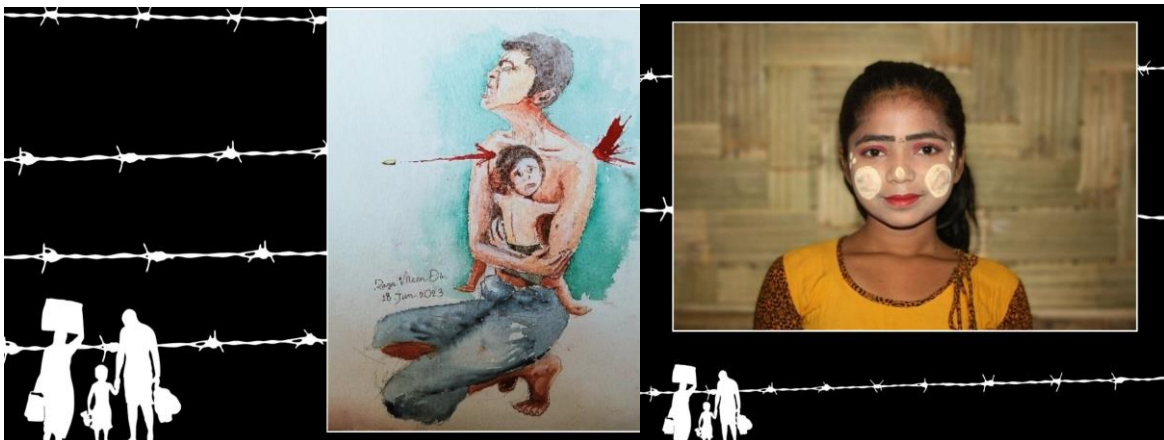
On October 30th, the Union Minister for the Ministry of Human Rights of the National Unity Government, U Aung Myo Min, along with Deputy Minister U Aung Kyaw Moe and U Kyaw Zaw, the advisor and spokesperson for the NUG Presidential Office, met with the Rohingya community in Canada in Kitchener to discuss the NUG's Rohingya policy.

The policy briefing was held at the invitation of Mr. Jaivet Ealom, founder of the Rohingya Center Canada, and the Union Minister discussed the National Unity Government's Rohingya policy and the amendment of the Citizenship Law.



The Deputy Minister also explained the process of collecting recommendations for the safe and secure return of the Rohingya. The President's office clarified the issues related to the development of laws amending of the National Unity Government concerning minority ethnic groups, including the Rohingya.

The NGU Governmental officials observed the JASBAA-organized Rohingya art exhibition at the University of Waterloo. The exhibition featured photographs, poetry, articles, and literary works by Rohingya artists.



The march for a Federal Democratic Union is proof of this.

This meeting of the "NUG, NUCC, ethnic organizations, and the Spring Revolution forces" is not the first one for this trip. We have already attended other meetings in order to receive international motivation. But this time, everything is perfect. The NUG, NUCC, ethnic organizations, and all the forces of this spring revolution not only attended a ceremony, but were also able to make a public statement. As a result, everyone was well-known.

The purpose of our visit is to attend the Forum 2000 at the invitation of the Czech Ministry of Foreign Affairs and their organizations. That is an excellent forum. Because of this, different countries, leaders, and pro-democracy activists discussed how to work on democracy, particularly in European countries, and how to deal with democratic challenges.

In this meeting, as is common in Europe, they think only Ukraine as a threat to democracy in the European Union. But we carried out it to demonstrate that, aside from Ukraine, there are countries like Myanmar where democracy has always been abused and military dictatorship flourish. Furthermore, the revolutionary forces are always changing in the context of today's world.

The idea behind this is that it would be preferable if everyone's voices were heard. The Ministry of Foreign Affairs and the Ministry of Human Rights of NUG, as well as ethnic organizations, attended this meeting.

But if we can gather in one place and speak with one voice, that's a good thing. This gathering served as proof. All of our hands have been secure since the Spring Revolution, and our steps are the same. I'm confident that this will be reflected because our delegation showed how we are all marching together to build the federal democratic union that we aim for.

**U Aung Myo Min (Union Minister,
Ministry of Human Rights, National Unity
Government)**

(Excerpt from Human Rights Barometer - Episode 25, Myanmar People's Delegation Visit to the Czech Republic and why they refuse to cease fire with Terrorist Military Council), (Every two weeks, the Ministry of Human Rights and the Mazzima News agency collaborate to broadcast this program.)

Union Prime Minister and Ministry Staff Meeting

October 28



The Union Prime Minister of the National Unity Government – NUG, Mann Win Khaing Than met with staff from the Ministry of

Human Rights to discuss human rights situation in Myanmar, on October 28. The Union Minister made a presentation on the status of the Ministry's documented human rights violations, the Ministry's policy implementation and prosecution in international to military junta, educational awareness, and complaint investigation. Later, the attendees raised their concerns, and the concerned officials responded. The Union Prime Minister gave a concluding remark.

Meetings of NUG delegations in Toronto's Myanmar community

October 27/30



The Union Minister for the Ministry of Human Rights of the National Unity Government, U Aung Myo Min, Deputy Minister U Aung Kyaw Moe, and spokesperson for the NUG Presidential Office, U Kyaw Zaw, met with the national brethren living in Toronto on October

27th. During the meeting, the Union Minister explained the implementation tasks and working process of the National Unity Government. The Union Minister also clarified the reasons for this visit to Canada, as well as the status of the Spring Revolution and the implementation tasks of the National Unity Government. The union minister and the party responded to attendees' questions. They also met with the Myanmar-Canadian family in Ottawa and Chin youth leaders in Kitchener, Canada, and reported on the progress of the Spring Revolution and the functioning processes of the government.

A call for Canadian MPs the importance of proactive leadership

October 27



The National Unity Government- NUG urged the members of the Canadian Parliamentarian Friends of Democratic Burma group in Canada, as well as members of the Canadian parliamentarians who are actively involved in the Myanmar affairs, that the importance of proactive leadership for the Myanmar issue during a meeting on October 25.

The meeting was held at the Parliament building attended by the Union Minister for the Ministry of Human Rights of the National Unity Government, U Aung Myo Min, Deputy Minister U Aung Kyaw Moe, and spokesperson for the NUG Presidential Office, U Kyaw Zaw, and the Canadian parliamentarians asked with interest about NUG's activities in Myanmar.

On the occasion of the meeting, the Union Minister stressed the importance of

international action so that crimes against humanity can be stopped as soon as possible by the current terrorist military group. As a country leading in justice, Canada should also lead the way in imposing financial sanctions against this military group, embargoing military aid, and taking action in accordance with international legal channels.

In the meeting, MP Adam Chambers (Shadow Minister for the National Revenue), MP Garnett Genuis (Shadow Minister for International Development), MP Stephanie Kusie (Member of the Panels of Chairs for the Legislative Committees), MP Dave Epp (Standing Committee on Foreign Affairs and International Development), MP Shuvaloy Majumdar (Standing Committee on Health), and MP Ziad Aboultaif (Standing Committee on Foreign Affairs and International Development) attended.

Members of Parliament called on the Canadian government to strengthen its current actions against Myanmar, to change these actions into international cooperative measures, and to enact reforms in Myanmar as soon as possible and encouraged Canadian parliamentarians to promote humanitarian aid cooperation and practical support for NUG, NUCC, and CRPH in Myanmar.

As the members of the Canadian parliament expressed, they will also issue a statement of advice by all parties to the Canadian government regarding Myanmar, recognizing NUG and CRPH as the official government and parliament, and encouraging more humanitarian aid to be delivered through border crossings.

Furthermore, the Union Minister and party met with the Parliamentary Center Group, which works to develop parliament capacity, and discussed ways to collaborate with Myanmar's democratic forces to improve parliament capacity.

"Prague Appeal" to the European Union



The Myanmar delegation of the National Unity Government handed over the Czech Foreign Minister Jan Lipavský a "Prague Appeal" during their visit, which included respect the decision of the people of Myanmar to defend themselves and their freedom, and refrain from unsolicited attempts to mediate that actually reward junta intransigence.

The Myanmar delegation consisting of the representatives of the NUCC, NUG, EROs and spring revolutionary forces, led by Union Minister for the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of NUG, Daw Zin Mar Aung and Union Minister for the Ministry of Human Rights of NUG, U Aung Myo Min visited Prague to attend the high profile conference Forum 2000.

"Prague Appeal" was made to present to the EU members States and friends in Europe some ground truths about the situation in Myanmar, in order to support efforts for a federal democratic transformation of the country.

The Prague appeal included 10 very specific demands, including respecting the decision of the people of Myanmar to defend themselves and their freedom, and to refrain from unsolicited attempts to mediate that actually reward junta intransigence

Starting at the public hospital, the tea shop was set on fire

Around 80 members of the terrorist military forces patrolled upstream along the Ayeyawaddy River in Madaya Township, AungMyethazan District, Mandalay Region, on October 25 and 26. 5 innocent locals were brutally killed while patrolling due to the burning and shooting of villages along the river.

The terrorist military forces were subordinate to the 33rd Division, and they marched from the water way with two ironclad warships before joining the ground forces, which numbered around 40 people. They started firing, shooting and killing to the locals of NgeToe and Thaphan Dong Villages of NgeToe village tract of Madaya Township as well as villages in Singu Township such as Kyettuyae, Hinthapo, Hintama and TheInn. During this incident, five innocent men were killed and 29 public houses were destroyed. Public hospitals and restaurants were also damaged.

On October 25, around 11:45 a.m., they arrived with the first iron warship at Ngetoe and Thaphan Dong Villages, and our local defense forces shot them for about 15 minutes. When the second iron warship arrived, they started burning Ko Poe Kyaw's house in Ngetoe Village of Madaya Township. They continued south from NaeToe village, reaching Thaphan

Dong village after starting the fire in that house.

They started by torching the People's Hospital, followed by the tea shop in the south. There were 9 public houses that burned down. After burning the houses, they patrolled the upstream around 2:00 PM. One of their warships proceeded downstream. An iron warship with a force around 60 members arrived in the Singu area.

At 5:30 or 6:00 p.m., we heard their heavy weapons and firing random shooting. According to local residents and our local defense forces, they conducted patrols in villages such as TheInn, Hinthapo, Hintama, and Kyettuyae around 7:00 p.m. On the morning of the 26th, we learned that two locals were killed while patrolling and burning in the Singu Township villages of TheInn, Hinthapo, Hintama, and Kyettuyae. Around 12:00 noon, when we arrived in this area to clear operation, we found three non-local men killed in the cemetery between Ngetoe and Thaphandong villages. According to the local witness who travels by motorboat, he saw the 33rd Division soldiers' badges.

The terrorist military force has set fire to several times in the villages, including TheInn, Hinthapo and Hintama. Because, there is Ywathayar village called Puywa where

Pyusawhtee- military informers live. Now, there were five people who were killed from the terrorist military force column 25/26. We can confirm that one of them is U Kyaw Win.

- Baydar (Member of PKAFA and deputy head of PALAFA - Madara Township) (Interview with PKAFA member and deputy

head of PALAFA-Madara Township regarding the incident on October 25 and 26, in the villages of Mandalay Region, Madara and Singu Townships, where terrorist military forces column with Navy and Army destroyed houses, public hospitals, and restaurants, killing five innocent people.)

Figures as a result of a military coup

4,161 (500)

A total of 4,161 pro-democracy activists and civilians were killed during the Spring Revolution, which arose out of opposition to the February 1st 2021, military coup. There are also approximately 500 victims whose identities are still being investigated and must be confirmed.

25,359

A total of 25,359 political activists and civilians were detained by the terrorist military group from the time of the coup until October 13, 2023, and 19,636 remain in detention. Of these, 7,930 have been sentenced to prison on various charges by the Military Council courts.

163 - 43

Up to 163 accused of being involved in the Spring Revolution were executed by the military council in against to the military coup; 43 people received the death penalty for taking matters into their own hands after participating in the Spring Revolution; and 119 individuals remain in prisons throughout the country.

October 24

From October 24, access to visitation with the prisoners' relatives—which had been restricted due to Covid-19 prior to the terrorist military group seizing power—has been restored, though with numerous restrictions. However, visiting prisons remains restricted for imprisoned civilian government officials, including the Prime Minister, and political prisoners sentenced to long prison terms, including MPs and some members of political parties.

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Since the terrorist military group's coup d'état until October 30, 2023, the number of those killed in various ways while in custody has reached 1,501. The terrorist military group attacked political activists while they were detained in police stations, interrogation centers, and prisons, including arrest and torture, emotional and sexual abuse, and a lack of necessary medical treatment; 25 people died in police stations, 114 in interrogation centers, and 68 inside prisons because they had not

received medical treatment during an emergency.

Launglon- Kyaw Thein

The terrorist military group conducted patrols in Launglon Township of Tanintharyi Region, on March 2023. While conducting patrols in the village of HinChoDaw, U Kyaw Thein was arrested in accordance with Article 50 (j) of the Anti-Terrorism Act. 51 52. He was subsequently sentenced to 13 years in prison and detained at Dawei prison. He was treated for a chest puncture at the prison clinic on October 27. Unable to receive sufficient medical treatment, he passed away while on the way to an outside hospital.

Social network - 1,316

Up to 1,316 persons had been detained since the terrorist military group took over as of the end of September 2023. Due to their social media endorsements of the public movement, communication with, and support for the Spring Revolution organizations against the military group, the detainees were placed under arrest. The majority of those in custody are from the Mandalay and Yangon regions, and the majority of them use Telegram, TikTok, and Facebook. They are detained in violation of Article 52 (a) of the Anti-Terrorism Law, Section 33 (a) of the Electronic Telecommunications Law, and Article 124 (a) of the Penal Code 505 (a) because they criticize the terrorist military group.

Reference - AAPP, Data for Myanmar

CODE OF CONDUCT

Ethics on engaging people who surrendered and prisoners of war



Treat POWs and detainees in accordance with Geneva Convention.

CODE OF CONDUCT

Ethics on engaging civilians



Deal the civilians with respect